

## **Operating Instructions**



# **Construction Site Traffic Signal System MPB 3400**



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#### Caution, important information:

Please note that permission is required to use radio traffic signal systems in most countries, so please consult your national regulations.

#### Table for adjusting the interim times (clearance times)

#### Interim times tz [s] (as per RiLSA)

Clearance distance [m]	Clearance speed Vr [km/h]			
	18	30	40	50
50 100 150 200 250 300 350 400 450 500 550 600	14 24 34 44 54 64	10 16 22 28 34 40 46 52 58 64	9 13 18 22 27 31 36 40 45 49 54 58	8 12 15 19 22 26 30 33 37 40 44 48

#### I. Introduction

MPB 3400 is a modular mobile traffic signal system consisting of **identical signal heads** for traffic-actuated alternating one-way traffic. Where it is permitted, it can also be combined in any required manner for controlling T-junction situations or even crossroads traffic. In the vehicle-actuated version, the signal heads are equipped with directional radar detectors as a standard feature. The traffic lights can be supplied with radio, cable and quartz control or just with cable and quartz control with and without vehicle-actuation.

MPB 3400 offers the following monitoring features:

- Red monitoring
- Green/green interlocking
- Status monitoring
- Interim time monitoring
- Watchdog monitoring (computer monitoring)

The following modes are possible with MPB 3400:

- Automatic fixed time mode
- Automatic green phase extension
- Automatic green on request (basic setting: all-red)
- All-red for radio and cable operation
- Manual mode from any traffic-light side for radio or cable operation
- Manual mode (continuous green) for quartz operation
- Manual mode (continuous red) for quartz operation
- Lamps off
- Flashing

MPB 3400 is equipped with the following standard features:

- Overvoltage protection up to 28 V DC
- Automatic photocell (nighttime reduction)
- Commercially available halogen lights 12 V/10 W
- Reverse polarity protection and undervoltage protection
- Directional radar detectors (in the VA version)

Possible additional equipment for MPB 3400:

- LED signal module for red/yellow/green or red/green
- Equipped as 42 V traffic signal system (just one cable for voltage supply and data transfer between signal heads)
- External cable hand-held control
- External radio hand-held control
- Bus request (local public transport)
- SMS message

### II. Front panel – overview of the control elements



## IPB 34 Mobile traffic-light system

#### Synchronisation in quartz mode (1/1):

- 1. Select mode 3, signal heads flash.
- Press the button to start the program.
- 3. At the second traffic light, press the button at exactly the moment when the first traffic light changes from green to

On	Fuse	Button	Radio	
•	•	•	• Quartz	
Off	4 A	Button functions:	Cable	

- quartz mode Reset for fault

#### Operating modes

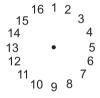
- Cont. green for guartz
- Cont. red for quartz
  - Automatic for quartz
- 4. Lamps off
- Flashing
- 6. Autom. fixed time mode
- Autom. green phase extended mode Autom. on-demand mode
- All red for radio/cable
- Green transmitter for radio/cable
- 11. Green receiver R1 for radio/cable
- 12. Green receiver R2 for radio/cable 13. Green receiver R3 for radio/cable

5	6 7	8 9
4		10
3	•	11
2		12
1		13
_		

#### Operating modes

#### CAUTION:

Frequency selection switch is to be adjusted to the same setting in radio mode for all controllers (T+R).



Frequency choice

with number of receivers (R) or only as receiver (R1, R2, R3).

Adjusted as

transmitter (T)

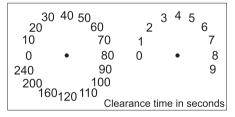
T+1R R1 T+2R R2 T+3R R3

Selection T / R

Light / Display Press repeatedly to access status information.

Clearance times and green phases must be adjusted to the same setting in both controllers.

Note for radio or cable mode only: Operating modes 6, 7 and 8 can be chosen freely at every controller (T+R). Mixed combinations of these modes are possible.





30 35 40 20 15 60 200 70 150 125<sub>100</sub>80

Green phase in seconds for this controller

Factory No.

## III. Operating instructions for use as alternating one-way traffic system (bottleneck system)

Alternating one-way traffic at construction sites between 50 and more than 1000 m long can be controlled with the vehicle-actuated traffic signal system type MPB 3400.

Please proceed as follows to commission the system:

- Open the control doors for both traffic lights. This is where the control elements are installed with the information display. Set the rocker switch to "System off" for both controllers. All signal heads / controllers are 100% identical, so that you can choose for yourself which signal head works as transmitter (T) or receiver (R) with active feedback. To do so, adjust one controller that you want to use as transmitter (T) to the setting T+1R at the "Selection T/R" switch. Then adjust the second controller as receiver (R1).
- Provide both signal heads with operating voltage 12 V DC by connecting batteries or power supply units type N1. Pay attention to correct polarity (red is plus).
- Select the required transmission type with the "Radio/Quartz/Cable" function switch in the same setting for both controllers.
- 4. At both controllers, i.e. at the transmitter (T+1R) and receiver (R1) traffic light, use the knobs to adjust the "clearance time in seconds", e.g. using the interim times table (page 2 of these instructions) or according to the phase plan for the particular construction site.

#### 5. **Important note:**

The set clearance time for the transmitter controller starts to run after the end of the green phase in the receiver controller, and the set clearance time for the receiver controller starts to run after the end of the green phase for the transmitter controller.

Adjusting the green phases for the transmitter and receiver in **radio**, **cable or quartz mode**:

#### <u>5.a. Automatic fixed time mode</u> or <u>automatic for quartz</u>

Adjust the required green phase with the "Green phase in seconds" knob on the transmitter (T+1R) and receiver (R1) controller

Caution! In the "quartz" mode, the clearance times and green phases at both controllers (T+1R and R1) must be adjusted to exactly the same setting!

Adjusting the green phases for the transmitter and receiver for the following operating modes in **radio or cable mode**:

5.b. Automatic green phase extension and automatic on-demand mode
Adjust the required maximum green phase with the "Green phase in seconds" knob on the transmitter and receiver controller.

Explanation for vehicle-actuated radio or cable mode for automatic green phase extension and automatic on-demand mode:

#### Minimum green phase

This is the green phase which always runs even if there is no traffic. It has been adjusted permanently in the factory to 10 seconds. In the automatic on-demand mode, the system remains in the all-red basic setting if there are no vehicles present

#### Time gap (extension time)

The time gap (extension time) is used to extend the green phase after the end of the internally fixed setting for the minimum green phase. This can take place e.g. automatically by oncoming vehicles triggering the radar detectors during every green phase. Depending on the volume of traffic, the green phase can be extended individually up to the maximum green phase setting. If no more vehicles are registered between the minimum and maximum green phase (within 6 seconds), the current green phase is ended. The time gap has been adjusted permanently in the factory to 6 seconds.

- 6. Use the **"Mode"** knob to adjust the required mode for both controllers. These modes can also be selected differently when the need arises.
- 7. Set the rocker switch to "System on" for both signal heads.

Both signal heads now briefly show the signal pattern "yellow flashing". They then switch automatically to the switch-on program in the adjusted mode.

#### Note:

The clearance times and green phases for the transmitter and receiver can also be adjusted while the system is operating! Changes to the clearance times and green phases for the transmitter or receiver adjusted in the radio or cable mode are adopted automatically while the system is operating (the information display shows a time progress bar).

Changes in quartz mode have to be made to each signal head. To this end, please switch the traffic signal off first, and then resynchronise it again after making the changes.

#### Resynchronising in quartz mode

In quartz mode, check the synchronisation of the traffic lights every day and resynchronise if necessary (see IV, point 1.).

#### Aligning the radar detectors in vehicle-actuated mode

Always align the directional radar detector so that oncoming traffic is registered correctly, because otherwise troublefree vehicle-activated operation of the traffic signal cannot be warranted.

Correct alignment can be checked by using the red LED on the front of the radar detectors on the one hand, and the illuminated LCD information display on the front panels of every controller (display shows (+) during evaluation) on the other hand

#### Changing the batteries

**For quartz mode:** when changing the batteries, synchronisation is retained for up to 15 minutes by an internal buffer battery; the signal head and the information display switch off. After the new battery has been connected, the system automatically switches back to the program.

**For cable or radio mode:** when changing the batteries, the signal heads and information display switch off, the other side automatically changes to red for one minute. After changing the battery, the signal head automatically changes to all-red according to the switch-on pattern, then the system starts normal operation again.

### IV. Operating modes when used as alternating oneway traffic system (bottleneck system)

#### 1. Automatic for quartz

Switch the mode switch **for both controllers** to setting 3 - Automatic for quartz. The times have already been adjusted as described above. The signal heads still flash. You can now synchronise the traffic signal. To do so, press the button on the first signal head and the program starts to run. At the second signal head, press the button exactly when the first signal head changes from green to yellow. In this mode, the previously adjusted green phases run according to the fixed settings, regardless of the volume of traffic. The clearance time is automatically implemented by the traffic signal on the basis of the previously adjusted clearance times for transmitter and receiver.

Factory time settings: red/yellow phase: 1 second

yellow phase: 4 seconds

(in the German MPB 3400 version, otherwise according to the corresponding national regulations)

#### 2. Continuous green/continuous red for guartz (manual operation for quartz)

The manual operation settings are adjusted at the corresponding signal head

Now set the mode switch for the corresponding controller to setting 1 -Continuous green for quartz. The signal head now switches from the automatic program to continuous green and remains in this signal pattern until another mode is selected. Please note that the other signal head should already have been set to continuous red for quartz mode – setting 2.

Manual operation is now possible by switching between the modes 1 -Continuous green and 2 - Continuous red: it is also possible to block the traffic flow completely by remaining in the setting 2 - Continuous red.

#### 3. Lamps off

Set the mode switch to setting 4 - Lamps off at both controllers for quartz mode and at one controller for radio or cable mode. The lamps are switched off, the controller continues to run. To return to automatic mode, simply set the mode switch back to the required automatic setting. After a few seconds, the traffic signal switches back to the required program.

#### 4. Flashing

Set the mode switch to setting 5 - Flashing at both controllers for quartz mode and at one controller for radio or cable mode. The system switches to vellow flashing, the controller continues to run. To return to automatic mode, simply set the mode switch back to the required automatic setting. After a few seconds, the traffic signal switches back to the required program.

#### 5. Automatic fixed time mode (for radio/cable only)

Set the mode switch to setting 6 - Automatic fixed time mode at both controllers. This mode operates with the previously adjusted green phases, regardless of the volume of traffic. In this mode, the previously adjusted green phases run according to the fixed setting regardless of the volume of traffic. The clearance time is automatically implemented by the traffic signal on the basis of the previously adjusted clearance times for transmitter and receiver.

Factory time settings: red/yellow phase: 1 second

vellow phase: 4 seconds

(in the German MPB 3400 version, otherwise according to the corresponding national regulations)

#### 6. Automatic green phase extension (for radio/cable only)

Set the mode switch at both controllers to setting 7 - Automatic green phase extension. In this mode, the previously adjusted green phases run as maximum green phase, depending on the volume of traffic. The minimum green phase permanently adjusted in the factory is 10 seconds. This minimum green phase always runs, regardless of vehicle traffic. The directional radar detectors register all oncoming vehicles and thus adjust the minimum green phase automatically to the volume of traffic, extending it up to the maximum green phase if necessary. The extension time for each radar detection, the so-called time gap, has been adjusted to 6 seconds in the factory.

#### 7. Automatic on-demand mode (for radio/cable only)

Set the mode switch at both controllers to setting 8 - Automatic on-demand mode. In this mode, the previously adjusted green phases run as maximum green phase, depending on the volume of traffic. The minimum green phase permanently adjusted in the factory is 10 seconds. This minimum green phase always runs, regardless of vehicle traffic, but it can be extended up to the maximum green phase, depending on the volume of traffic. The extension time for each radar detection, the so-called time gap, has been adjusted to 6 seconds in the factory. In contrast to setting 7 - Automatic green phase extension, in mode 8 the system remains set to continuous red until a vehicle is registered by a radar detector. The signal head which has registered a vehicle now changes to green after the clearance time has expired. The green phase is extended as described above for a corresponding traffic volume.

At the latest after the end of the maximum green phase, the signal head switches back to red and the traffic signal remains set to continuous red until the next vehicle is registered.

Note: in this mode with all-red basic setting, a compulsory cycle with a trigger time of 5 min has been permanently adjusted in the factory (can be changed on the PCB using the DIP switches). That means that the traffic signal still changes to green at least every 5 minutes if the radar detectors are incorrectly adjusted or defect. This prevents traffic coming to a complete standstill.

Factory time settings: red/yellow phase: 1 second

yellow phase: 4 seconds

(in the German MPB 3400 version, otherwise according to the corresponding national regulations)

min. green phase: 10 seconds time gap: 6 seconds

Differing automatic modes can also be adjusted at the same time – see the tip on the next page!

#### Tip for the automatic modes described above:

You can also adjust a different automatic mode for both controllers. For example, when the need arises you can select mode 6 - Automatic fixed time mode, 7 — Automatic green time extension at one controller and mode 8 — Automatic on-demand mode at the other controller if this is appropriate for controlling the traffic in your particular situation. Any combination of automatic modes 6, 7 and 8 is possible.

The settings described below for **manual operation in radio or cable mode** (switch settings 9, 10 and 11) are only adjusted at <u>one</u> signal head for operation as an alternating one-way traffic system (bottleneck system).

#### 8. All-red for radio/cable

Now set the mode switch at one controller to setting 9 - All red for radio/cable. The traffic signal now switches from the automatic program to continuous red. The traffic signal remains in this signal pattern until it is set to another mode.

#### 9. Green transmitter for radio/cable

Set the mode switch at one controller to setting 10 - Green transmitter for radio/cable. The traffic signal now switches from the automatic program (while observing the clearance times) to continuous green at the transmitter signal head. The traffic signal remains in this signal pattern until another mode is selected.

#### 10. Green receiver R1 for radio/cable

Set the mode switch at one controller to setting 11 - Green receiver R1 for radio/cable. The traffic signal now switches from the automatic program (while observing the clearance times) to continuous green at the receiver signal head. The traffic signal remains in this signal pattern until another mode is selected.

#### Important note:

The modes 4 - Lamps off, 5 - Flashing and 9 - All red for radio/cable, 10 - Green transmitter for radio/cable and 11 - Green receiver for radio/cable can be adjusted at any signal head.

## V. Operating instructions for use as T-junction or crossroads system with radio/cable control

Basic settings when using the identical MPB 3400 traffic lights as:

#### T-junction traffic lights

1a. Open the control doors for all three traffic lights. This is where the control elements are installed with the information display. Set the rocker switch to "System off" for all three controllers. All signal heads / controllers are 100% identical, so that you can choose for yourself which signal head works as transmitter (T) or receiver (R) with active feedback. To do so, adjust one controller that you want to use as transmitter (T) to the setting T+2R (one transmitter with two receivers = three traffic lights for T-junction control) at the "Selection T/R" switch. Then adjust the second controller as the first receiver (R1) and the third controller as second receiver (R2).

For your information: the basic sequence (signal 1 to 3) is as follows:

1	Transmitter controller	(adjusted as T+2R)
2	Receiver controller	(adjusted as R1)
3	Receiver controller	(adjusted as R2)

#### Crossroads traffic lights

1b. Open the control doors for all four traffic lights. This is where the control elements are installed with the information display. Set the rocker switch to "System off" for all four controllers. All signal heads / controllers are 100% identical, so that you can choose for yourself which signal head works as transmitter (T) or receiver (R) with active feedback. To do so, adjust one controller that you want to use as transmitter (T) to the setting T+3R (one transmitter with three receivers = four traffic lights for crossroads control) at the "Selection T/R" switch. Then adjust the second controller as the first receiver (R1), the third controller as second receiver (R2) and the fourth controller as third receiver (R3).

For your information: the basic sequence (signal 1 to 4) is as follows:

1	Transmitter controller	(adjusted as T+2R)
2	Receiver controller	(adjusted as R1)
3	Receiver controller	(adjusted as R2)
4	Receiver controller	(adjusted as R3)

- 2. Provide all signal heads with operating voltage 12 V DC by connecting batteries or power supply units type N1. Pay attention to correct polarity (red is plus).
- 3. Select the required transmission type with the "Radio" or "Cable" function switch in the same setting for all controllers.
- 4. At all controllers, i.e. at the transmitter and receiver traffic lights, use the knobs to adjust the "clearance time in seconds", e.g. using the interim times table according to the distances between the signal heads or according to the phase plan for the particular construction site.

#### 5. Important note:

The set clearance time for the transmitter controller starts to run after the end of the green phase in the last receiver controller, and the set clearance time for the receiver controllers starts to run after the end of the green phase in the preceding controller. The basic sequence has already been explained in point 1a or 1b on page 11.

If one or several signal groups are by-passed in the automatic on-demand mode (e.g. because there is no request for green from the radar detectors at receiver R3), the longest set clearance time after the end of the green phase at this not requested group runs automatically until the start of the green phase at the next following signal group.

Adjusting the green phases for the transmitter and receivers in **radio or cable control** for the following modes:

#### 5.a. Automatic fixed time mode

Adjust the required green phase with the **"Green phase in seconds"** knob on the transmitter and receiver controllers.

5.b. Automatic green phase extension and automatic on-demand mode

Adjust the required maximum green phase with the "Green phase in seconds" knob on the transmitter and receiver controllers.

## Explanation for vehicle-actuated radio or cable mode for automatic green phase extension and automatic on-demand mode:

#### Minimum green phase

This is the green phase which always runs even if there is no traffic. It has been adjusted permanently in the factory to 10 seconds. In the automatic on-demand mode, the system remains in the all-red basic setting if there are no vehicles present.

#### Time gap (extension time)

The time gap (extension time) is used to extend the green phase after the end of the internally fixed setting for the minimum green phase. This can take place e.g. automatically by oncoming vehicles triggering the radar detectors during every green phase. Depending on the volume of traffic, the green phase can be extended individually up to the maximum green phase setting. If no more vehicles are registered between the minimum and maximum green phase (within 6 seconds), the current green phase is ended. This time gap has been adjusted permanently in the factory to 6 seconds.

6. Use the **"Mode"** knob to adjust the required mode for all controllers. These modes can also be selected differently when the need arises. Any combination of the automatic modes 6, 7 and 8 is possible.

Here is an example of how this is used in practice.

A construction site is to be equipped with a T-junction traffic light system for traffic control, with two signal heads positioned on the main road (transmitter T+2R and the receiver R1). These are set to mode 7 – Automatic green phase extension. The signal head in the subordinated side road (receiver R2) is set to mode 8 – Automatic on-demand mode.

Accordingly, there is vehicle-actuated traffic control for the main road which alternates the flow of traffic through the road works on the main road. Depending on traffic volume and requests triggered by the radar detector, the green phase of both traffic lights can be adapted in every green cycle between the minimum and maximum green phase, according to the current traffic volume.

The side road is not included in the process until an approaching vehicle triggers a request from the radar detector of receiver R2. As the radar detectors are directional (see page 14 for alignment), departing traffic is not registered. The principle of the vehicle-actuated traffic control also applies for the side road during the green cycle, with registered vehicles passing through the road works up to the maximum green phase. To be on the safe side, the side road is included in the system after a certain number of phase cycles and is given a green phase even without a vehicle-actuated request.

7. Set the rocker switch to "System on" for all signal heads.

The signal heads now briefly show the signal pattern "yellow flashing". They then switch automatically to the switch-on program in the adjusted mode.

#### Note:

The clearance times and green phases for the transmitter and receivers can also be adjusted while the system is operating! Changes to the clearance times and green phases for the transmitter or receivers adjusted in the radio or cable mode are adopted automatically while the system is operating (the information display shows a time progress bar).

#### Aligning the radar detectors in vehicle-actuated mode

Always align the directional radar detector so that oncoming traffic is registered correctly, because otherwise troublefree vehicle-activated operation of the traffic signal cannot be warranted.

Correct alignment can be checked by using the red LED on the front of the radar detectors on the one hand, and the illuminated LCD information display on the front panels of every controller (display shows (+) during evaluation) on the other hand.

#### **Changing the batteries**

**For cable or radio mode:** when changing the batteries, the signal heads and information display switch off, the other sides automatically change to red for one minute. After changing the battery, the signal head automatically changes to all-red according to the switch-on pattern, then the system starts normal operation again.

## VI. Operating modes when used as T-junction or crossroads system with radio/cable control

#### 1. Lamps off

In radio or cable mode, set the mode switch to setting 4 - Lamps off at one controller. The lamps of all traffic lights are switched off, the controllers continue to run.

To return to automatic mode, simply set the mode switch back to the required automatic setting. After a few seconds, the traffic signal switches back to the required program.

#### 2. Flashing

In radio or cable mode, set the mode switch to setting 5 - Flashing at one controller. All traffic lights are set to yellow flashing, the controllers continue to run.

To return to automatic mode, simply set the mode switch back to the required automatic setting. After a few seconds, the traffic signal switches back to the required program.

#### 3. Automatic fixed time mode

Set the mode switch for <u>all</u> controllers to setting 6 - Automatic fixed time mode. This mode operates with the previously adjusted green phases, regardless of the volume of traffic. The clearance time is automatically implemented by the traffic signal on the basis of the previously adjusted clearance times for transmitter and receiver.

#### 4. Automatic green phase extension

Set the mode switch for all controllers to setting 7 - Automatic green phase extension. In this mode, the previously adjusted green phases run as maximum green phase, depending on the volume of traffic. The minimum green phase permanently adjusted in the factory is 10 seconds. This minimum green phase always runs, regardless of vehicle traffic. The directional radar detectors register all oncoming vehicles and thus adjust the minimum green phase automatically to the volume of traffic, extending it up to the maximum green phase if necessary. The extension time for each radar detection, the so-called time gap, has been adjusted to 6 seconds in the factory.

Factory time settings: red/yellow phase: 1 second

yellow phase: 4 seconds

(in the German MPB 3400 version, otherwise according to the correspon-

ding national regulations)

min. green phase: 10 seconds time gap: 6 seconds

#### 5. Automatic on-demand mode

Set the mode switch for all controllers to setting 8 - Automatic on-demand mode. In this mode, the previously adjusted green phases run as maximum green phase, depending on the volume of traffic. The minimum green phase permanently adjusted in the factory is 10 seconds. This minimum green phase always runs, regardless of vehicle traffic, but it can be extended up to the maximum green phase, depending on the volume of traffic. The extension time for each radar detection, the so-called time gap, has been adjusted to 6 seconds in the factory. In contrast to setting 7 - Automatic green phase extension, in mode 8 the system remains set to continuous red until a vehicle is registered by a radar detector. The signal head which has registered a vehicle now changes to green after the clearance/interim time has expired. The signal head changes immediately to green if the clearance/interim time has already expired. The green phase is extended as described above for a corresponding traffic volume.

At the latest after the end of the maximum green phase, the signal head switches back to red and the traffic signal remains set to continuous red until the next vehicle is registered.

Note: in this mode with all-red basic setting, a compulsory cycle with a trigger time of 10 min (T-junction) or 15 min (crossroad system) has been permanently adjusted in the factory (can be changed on the PCB using the DIP switches). That means that the traffic signal still changes to green after expiration of the corresponding time if the radar detectors are incorrectly adjusted or defect.

Factory time settings: red/yellow phase: 1 second

yellow phase: 4 seconds

(in the German MPB 3400 version, otherwise according to the correspon-

ding national regulations)

min. green phase: 10 seconds time gap: 6 seconds

The settings described below for **manual operation in radio or cable mode** (switch settings 9, 10, 11, 12 or 13) are only adjusted at <u>one</u> signal head during operation.

#### 6. All-red for radio/cable

Now set the mode switch at one controller to setting 9 - All red for radio/cable. The traffic signal now switches from the automatic program to continuous red. The traffic signal remains in this signal pattern until it is set to another mode.

#### 7. Green transmitter for radio/cable

Set the mode switch at one controller to setting 10 - Green transmitter for radio/cable. The traffic signal now switches from the automatic program (while observing the clearance times) to continuous green at the transmitter signal head. The traffic signal remains in this signal pattern until another mode is selected.

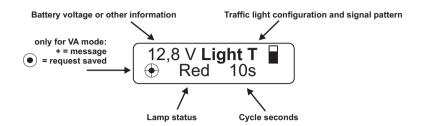
#### 8. Green receiver for radio/cable

Set the mode switch at one controller to setting 11 - Green receiver R1, 12 - Green receiver R2 or 13 - Green receiver R3 for radio/cable. The traffic signal now switches from the automatic program (while observing the clearance times) to continuous green at the corresponding receiver signal head (R1, R2 or R3). The traffic signal remains in this signal pattern until another mode is selected.

#### Important note:

The modes 4 - Lamps off, 5 - Flashing and 9 - All red for radio/cable, 10 - Green transmitter for radio/cable and 11 - Green receiver R1, 12 – Green receiver R2 or 13 – Green receiver R3 for radio/cable can be adjusted at any signal head.

### VII. Explaining the information in the display



#### 1. General information

When the system is switched on, it proceeds with an internal self-check and announces itself as **Peter Berghaus Traffic Signal System MPB 3400**; the software status is displayed. Then the current operating voltage is shown in plain text. The display lighting is now switched on for 10 minutes. During on-going operation, you can also switch the display lighting on for 10 minutes by pressing the "Light / Display" button to the right of the display; press this button several times to see the status information.

#### 2. Information during on-going operation

After adjusting the mode, first the status of the connection is shown, followed by the selected mode as abbreviation, e.g. "AUTO", alternating with the operating voltage. Similarly, the display states whether the user has selected this signal head as transmitter for one receiver "T+1R" (as transmitter "T+2R" for two receivers or as transmitter "T+3R" for three receivers) or as first receiver "R1", as second receiver "R2" (for T-junction traffic control) or as third receiver "R3" (for crossroads traffic control).

In radio mode, after pressing the "Light / Display" button, the display shows among others the reception field strength as a bar diagram. Press the button again to see the function of the "LDR" light sensor respectively brightness as a percentage together with the connection quality "GOOD / act." The status of the signal head is shown in diagrams in the display.

For example, means red, yellow and green. Similarly, this status is also shown in plain text and with a decreasing time bar. In manual mode for radio or cable, two traffic light symbols are shown for better clarity, so that the operator also sees information about the status of the other side.

3. Function display of the radar detector (only for the "VA active" version) In vehicle-actuated mode, the display shows the symbol "+" or "(+)" on the left. The radar detector has registered an oncoming vehicle, triggering a request to the controller which is now processed. The road user can see this when the red LED in the radar detector lights up briefly.

#### 4. Display of defects

- "Red defect T/R" -> red lamp defect in transmitter/receiver
- "Yellow defect T/R" -> as above but yellow lamp defect
- "Green defect T/R" -> as above but green lamp defect
  Both signal heads only flash yellow when the red lamp is defect.
  Otherwise the display only contains the text information stated above.
  Now replace the defect lamp in the transmitter (T) or receiver (R) and quit the fault by pressing the button above the display. After the red defect has been remedied, the traffic signal starts up again automatically.
- "No Rec.Light T/R1" (or T/R2; T/R3) -> transmission fault Both signal heads flash yellow, the displays show the text information stated above. A fault has occurred in transmitting the data to the transmitter or receiver. In cable mode, please check the connecting cables and the plug-in connections. In radio mode, please first check whether the frequency has been set to the same setting for both signal heads (is only relevant for multi-frequency version). If the setting is correct, please check the antennas and the plug-in connections at the radio modules. After the fault has been remedied, the traffic signal starts up again automatically.
- "Status Green T/R1" (or T/R2; T/R3) -> nom/act. comparison of control command and signal pattern status
- "EGr. Grp T/R" (or T/R2; T/R3)-> green blocked (prevents both signal heads from showing green at the same time, this is not allowed)

Both signal heads flash yellow, the displays show the text information stated above. The traffic signal has sent an incorrect signal pattern. Green/green monitoring prevents both signal heads from actually showing green at the same time. Check the equipment visually for any signs of damage to the cases and any moisture. Quit the fault by pressing the button above the display at the displayed controller (T or R). If the fault occurs again, send the traffic signal to the factory to be checked.

## VIII. Special feature for export (emergency quartz mode)

For the export version, on request an automatic changeover can be activated between radio or cable and quartz mode (emergency quartz mode) – only when used as alternating one-way traffic system (bottleneck system).

What does emergency quartz mode mean?

When an existing radio or cable transmission breaks down, when the emergency quartz function is activated in both controllers, the system automatically changes over to synchronised emergency quartz mode. And so the system continues to operate without any noticeable interruptions for vehicle traffic.

The following clearance times and green phases are observed:

- The adjusted clearance times are extended by a further 5 seconds at both signal heads (T/R1 + R1).
- If you have adjusted green phases lasting up to 40 seconds, in the emergency quartz mode these are restricted to a fixed 25 seconds.
- If green phases have been adjusted for longer than 40 seconds, these are fixed internally to 45 seconds.

During the emergency quartz mode, in the background the traffic signal system constantly tries to restore the radio or cable connection, and switches back automatically to the previously adjusted mode when conditions for good transmission have been restored.

**Note:** After being turned into the export version, when there is a radio or cable malfunction the traffic signal system then corresponds to type class A "Bottleneck traffic signal system without signal safety feature" (valid only in Germany).

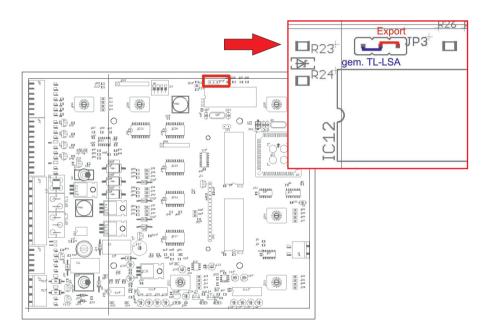
#### Important note:

If the system is operating in the emergency quartz mode, no data backup takes place on changing the battery. Please start the traffic signal again in the required mode after changing the battery. The traffic signal is changed over to the export version as follows:

Remove the front panels from both controllers, as described in chapter XI of these operating instructions.

On the control PCBs of transmitter and receiver, jumper "JP 3" (see marked section below) must be plugged into the other slot. In the factory setting, the jumper connects the left contact with the middle contact: this deactivates the emergency quartz mode (as per TL-LSA).

You can activate the automatic changeover between radio/cable and quartz mode by connecting jumper "JP3" so that it connects the middle contact with the right contact (Export).



Please note that this change has to be made to both control PCBs.

Then put the PCBs back as described in chapter XI. After switching on, the display shows "**Emergency quartz mode enabled**". This function is permanently activated until jumper "JP3" is put back again.

### IX. External cable hand-held control (accessory)

#### Commissioning and operation

1. Before plugging in the external cable hand-held control which is available separately as an accessory, first adjust the required mode on the hand-held control using the knob. The hand-held control takes priority so that the traffic signal immediately adopts the hand-held control setting as soon as this is plugged in.

**Note:** There is no need for <u>any</u> adjustments to the signal head controllers: the hand-held control is automatically detected as soon as it is plugged in!

- Connect the external hand-held control to the socket on the prepared controller. The corresponding socket (accessory) is below the green chamber.
- The traffic signal now changes over from the automatic program (while observing the green phases) to the mode selected in the hand-held control.
- 4. The other modes are described in these operating instructions.
- When the external hand-held control is disconnected from the socket, the traffic signal automatically changes back to the mode originally set in the controller.
- 6. Close the socket for the external hand-held control again with the fastened covering cap!

#### Please note:

**Radio hand-held transmitters** (with acoustic reception feedback as additional feature – maximum range up to 1000 m) are also available as an option.

## X. Bus priority – local public transport (accessory)

#### Description

In some applications, it can be appropriate for the bottleneck traffic control to give priority to local public transport. To this end, MPB 3400 can be modified with the installation of the local public transport jack available as an accessory so that it offers a potential-free contact, for example for connection a key switch for the transport company or the radio remote control unit, also available as accessory. Similarly, other detectors can be connected to the local public transport jack to give priority to buses.

#### **Function**

An oncoming bus is registered by the corresponding signal head as described above. The bus request now limits the green phase for the other side to the minimum green phase of 10 seconds. At the end of the adjusted clearance time, the bus on the requesting side sees green immediately up to the maximum period. If during this green phase a request should come from another bus from the same direction, the maximum green phase is specified. A request from the other side during this period is saved and then runs subsequently.

If there are no other bus requests, the traffic signal continues to run in the adjusted vehicle-actuated mode until the next request is received.

**Note:** Bus priority is possible in automatik modes 6-Automatic fixed time mode, 7-Automatic green phase extension, 8-Automatic on-demand mode for radio/cable.

## XI. Instructions for removing and fitting the controller PCB MPB 3400

To remove and install the control board, which is located in the separate housing of the MPB 3400, you need the following tools:

- 5.5 mm socket wrench
- 8 mm socket wrench
- · medium Philips screwdriver
- · medium slotted screwdriver

#### A. Removing the controller PCB

- 1. Carefully lever out the caps on the knobs, for example with your fingernails. You can now see a Philips screw. After you have loosened these screws, all knobs can be pulled off to the front.
- Use the 8 mm socket wrench to carefully unscrew the two rocker switches.
- 3. Now you can pull the front panel off to the front.
- 4. You can now see the controller PCB. At about 3 cm from the corners towards the middle, you can see 4 setscrews with nuts. Use the 5.5 mm socket wrench to loosen the setscrews so that you can take the PCB out of the controller.
- Now disconnect the connectors for the cable harness at the top and for the buffer battery at the bottom. You are now holding the control PCB.

#### B. Fitting the controller PCB

1. Restore the electrical connections between the cable harness and the control PCB: do not forget to connect up the light-sensitive sensor (LDR) for automatic adjustment to ambient brightness, as well as the buffer battery. Now fasten the controller PCB on the four studs in the green chamber. Then position the front panel over the controller. Put the knobs on their shafts and fasten initially by tightening the screws slightly. Then adjust to the smallest scale values.

- 2. Provide operating voltage 12 V DC by connecting batteries or power supply units type N1. Ensure that you do not confuse the polarity.
- 3. Now press and hold both buttons: at the same time, switch the signal head on with the rocker switch. First you see the message "Menu 1 D-switch settings" and the display shows a separate symbol for each knob, e.g.:

1 2 3 4 5 6 X X X X X X

4. Counting anti-clockwise, we start with the frequency selection switch (1), followed by the tens (2) and digits switch (3) for the clearance time, then the green phase selection switch (4) and the transmitter/receiver selection switch (5). The mode switch (6) comes last

To adjust the knobs to the lowest scale value, please watch the display while turning for example frequency selection switch (1). As soon as the display under switch 1 shows a 1 instead of an X, you have reached the lowest value. Now you can align the scale arrow to 1 and screw the frequency selection switch to its shaft. Then set the cover cap on the screw head.

5. Proceed in the same way with the other knobs (2 to 6). In the end, the display should look like this:

1 2 3 4 5 6 1 0 0 15 T+2R 1

- 6. Now press the "Light / Display" button to change to the service point "Menu 2 Additional setting 1". Here you can check that the LDR has been connected correctly and is functioning. To do so, briefly cover the light-sensitive sensor on the back of the green chamber with your hand. The previously displayed value must now decrease clearly.
- 7. Press the "Light / Display" button again to change to the service point "Menu 3 Additional setting 2". Here you can test the optional additional inputs for local public transport activation (B) and the SMS module (S) (if these optional items are present).
- 8. Press the "Light / Display" button one more time. You have left the service menu; the traffic signal is now ready and can be programmed for use.

## Instructions for removing and fitting the controller PCB MPB 3400 K

To remove and install the control board, which is located in the MPB 3400 K in the green chamber, you will need the following tools:

- 5.5 mm socket wrench
- 8 mm socket wrench
- · medium Philips screwdriver
- · medium slotted screwdriver

#### A. Removing the controller PCB

- 1. Carefully lever out the caps on the knobs, for example with your fingernails. You can now see a Philips screw. After you have loosened these screws, all knobs can be pulled off to the front.
- Use the 8 mm socket wrench to carefully unscrew the two rocker switches.
- 3. Now you can pull the front panel off to the front.
- 4. You can now see the controller PCB. At about 3 cm from the corners towards the middle, you can see 4 setscrews with nuts. Use the 5.5 mm socket wrench to loosen the setscrews so that you can take the PCB out of the controller.
- Now disconnect the connectors for the cable harness at the top and for the buffer battery at the bottom. You are now holding the control PCB.

#### B. Fitting the controller PCB

1. Restore the electrical connections between the cable harness and the control PCB: do not forget to connect up the light-sensitive sensor (LDR) for automatic adjustment to ambient brightness, as well as the buffer battery. Now fasten the controller PCB on the four studs in the green chamber. Then position the front panel over the controller. Put the knobs on their shafts and fasten initially by tightening the screws slightly. Then adjust to the smallest scale values.

- 2. Provide operating voltage 12 V DC by connecting batteries or power supply units type N1. Ensure that you do not confuse the polarity.
- 3. Now press and hold both buttons: at the same time, switch the signal head on with the rocker switch. First you see the message "Menu 1 D-switch settings" and the display shows a separate symbol for each knob, e.g.:

1 2 3 4 5 6 X X X X X X

4. Counting anti-clockwise, we start with the frequency selection switch (1), followed by the tens (2) and digits switch (3) for the clearance time, then the green phase selection switch (4) and the transmitter/receiver selection switch (5). The mode switch (6) comes last.

To adjust the knobs to the lowest scale value, please watch the display while turning for example frequency selection switch (1). As soon as the display under switch 1 shows a 1 instead of an X, you have reached the lowest value. Now you can align the scale arrow to 1 and screw the frequency selection switch to its shaft. Then set the cover cap on the screw head.

5. Proceed in the same way with the other knobs (2 to 6). In the end, the display should look like this:

1 2 3 4 5 6 1 0 0 15 T+1R 1

- 6. Now press the "Light / Display" button to change to the service point "Menu 2 Additional setting 1". Here you can check that the LDR has been connected correctly and is functioning. To do so, briefly cover the light-sensitive sensor on the back of the green chamber with your hand. The previously displayed value must now decrease clearly.
- 7. Press the "Light / Display" button again to change to the service point "Menu 3 Additional setting 2". Here you can test the optional additional inputs for local public transport activation (B) and the SMS module (S) (if these optional items are present).
- 8. Press the "Light / Display" button one more time. You have left the service menu; the traffic signal is now ready and can be programmed for use.

#### XII. Technical data - MPB 3400

Operating voltage: approx. 10 - 14 V DC

Mean power consumption

in radio mode: approx. 0.39 Aper signal head (LED)

Lamps: Innovative LED lamps (with lighting test as per

DIN EN 12368) with night-time reduction feature

Fuse: 4A, 5x20, medium-slow fuse (commercially available)

Control modes: fixed-time, vehicle-actuated with green-phase

extension, vehicle-actuated operation with green on request, all-red, manual mode, flashing, lamps off

Data transmission: cable or digital radio path

Radio path: max. length under ideal conditions approx. 2,000 m

Radio equipment: radio module, (f (1) tested in 1-channel,

3-channel and 16-channel version.

Licensed 2m band frequencies for Germany: 151,09 MHz, 161,11 MHz, 161,27 MHz 170,63 MHz, 170,75 MHz, 170,77 MHz

Transmitter output rating ≤ 100 mW

Other frequency ranges and frequencies are possible together for example with higher transmitter output ratings according to the customer's national regulations.

### **Annex 1: Radar detector (option)**

#### Description of functions: radar movement detector

The movement detector mounted on this traffic light system MPB 3400 ("VA" for vehicle-actuated option) is a directional radar detector specially optimised for use in mobile signal systems.

The pivoting fixture on top of the traffic light signal head lets the radar detector be aligned ideally to the approaching traffic. A clearly visible red LED in the front of the radar detector shows the road user that his vehicle has been detected.

Movements are detected according to the Doppler principle. The sensor emits microwaves in the range of 24 GHz. These are reflected by objects moving towards the sensor, so that their frequency is changed. The sensor receives the changed frequencies with its planar microwave antenna and evaluates them accordingly. Approaching movements within the detection field are registered, evaluated reliably by the internal logic and forwarded to the traffic light controller.

Compared to conventional infrared detectors, one major advantage of these radar movement detectors specially optimised for mobile traffic light systems is that they are capable of distinguishing between an object coming towards or moving away from the radar detector. For example, only directional radar detectors are capable of implementing a reliable continuous red phase or green on request, when the approaching vehicle requests his own "green" from the traffic light.

Simple infrared movement detectors would also register traffic moving away from the traffic light – resulting in incorrect requests. Continuous red phases or green on request cannot be implemented with infrared detectors.

In addition, the radar detector also differentiates between people and vehicles. Furthermore, as a rule the detection range of a radar detector is not impaired by snow or rain.

#### Applications:

Mobile traffic light systems; reliable detection for traffic technology

#### Special features:

- Radar detection, insensitive to snow or rain
- Precise directional logic optimised to approaching vehicles
- Clear LED display on the detector shows when a vehicle has been detected
- Swivelling metal fixture for alignment exactly to the traffic flow
- Radar detector hinged for protection during transport
- Compact, weatherproof plastic housing

#### Technical data: radar detector

- Housing dimensions (W x H x D): 135x65x130 mm
- Material: ASA, PC plastic housing; steel holder
- Protection: IP65 for use outside
- Supply voltage: 12-27 VAC, 50-60 Hz; 12-30 VDC
- Power consumption: typical 1 W, max. 2.4 W
- Tolerable operating temperature: -20°C to +55°C
- Storage temperature: -30°C to +75°C
- Humidity: <95%, non-condensing
- Frequency: 24.125 GHz
- Transmission output: typical 40 mW EIRP; max. 100 mW EIRP
- Maximum mounting height: 7 m

### Annex 2

### MPB 3400 Controller in separate housing



## **Spare Parts List:**

Article: Mobile traffic signal system MPB 3400 LED

Order-no.	Article description
MPB 340	Signal head rear panel for red chamber MPB 3200 / 3400 K, 210 mm
MPB 341	Signal head rear panel for yellow chamber MPB 3400, 210 mm
MPB 342	Green chamber/controller rear panel for MPB 3400, 210 mm
EH 2014	Gasket for signal head chambers, "Holland" type
EH 2016	Signal head door without lens, "Holland type", 210 mm
EH 2017	Signal head door, type "Holland", with red lens, 210 mm
EH 2018	Signal head door, type "Holland", with yellow lens, 210 mm
EH 2019	Signal head door, type "Holland", with green lens, 210 mm
EH 2009	Closer for signal head door
EH 2008	Closer counterpart for chamber
EH 2020	Lens, red, type "Holland", 210 mm
EH 2021	Lens, yellow, type "Holland", 210 mm
EH 2022	Lens, green, type "Holland", 210 mm
EH 2034	Lens holder
EH 2023	Gasket for lens 210 mm, type "Holland"
EH 2030	Lens hood, type "Holland", 210 mm
EH 2031	Cover cap for signal head, type "Holland"
EH 2032	Gasket for cover cap, self-adhesive, type "Holland"
EH 2033	Intermediate ring for connecting signal head rear panels, type "Holland"
EH 2103	Mounting kit for one flat LED module, type "Holland"
EH 2100	LED signal head module RED as replacement
EH 2110	LED signal head module YELLOW as replacement
EH 2120	LED signal head module GREEN as replacement
ES 3097	Socket plug, 3-pin, for LED module system
ES 3098	Plug, 3-pin, for LED module system
EK 0001	Battery cable for MPB 3400 with ring eyelet, without battery lug
EI 0041M	Battery terminal (+), red
EI 0042M	Battery terminal (-), blue
ES 5016	Aluminium controller housing type E for MPB 3400 with door and lock including 1 key No. 455
ES 5017	Replacement door for ALU controller housing type MPB 3400
ES 5018	Hinge for aluminium enclosure type MPB 3400
ES 5015	Lock type E for control door No. 455 incl. 1 key
ES 2455	Key No. 455

MPB 343	Front panel MPB 3400 with imprint			
MPB 110A	Rotary toggle for switch with arrow disk (small) and cap			
ES 2031	Safety cap for fuse (5 x 20)			
ES 2004	Fuse 5x20 / 4 A			
ES 2041	Dimmer switch with cable and threaded joint			
ESP 055	Controller PCB for MPB 3400			
ESP 087A	Battery pack 8.4V MPB 3400 with connection cable and plug			
EF 4100	Multi-frequency radio module (VHF)			
EF 4150	Single frequency radio module type (VHF)			
EP 6037	Radar detector 12 V incl. 0.5 m cable with mounted plug, with holder but			
LF 0037	without mounting bracket for signal head (top element)			
MP 40002V	Aluminium Mounting bracket for radio antenna and radar detector			
MP 400H	Mounting bracket for radar detector in a cable system			
EFV 005A	Spare attachment set for antenna foot type V, only lock washer and nut			
EFK 006	Antenna plug, BNC (adapter)			
EFV 007E	Antenna cable without plug, type V, L = 1520 mm			
EFV 008	Antenna foot, type V, incl. clear gasket and attachment set: lock washer			
LI V 000	and nut			
EFV 010	Antenna radiator, type V, frequency 170.xx MHz			
EFV 011	Antenna radiator, type V, frequency 151.09 MHz			
	Antenna set type V, complete, with antenna foot, gasket, lock washer, nut,			
EFV 012	connection cable, BNC adapter and antenna radiator (please state			
	frequency)			
EFV 018	Spare tip protection for antenna radiator type V			
EFV 019	Aluminium retaining tube for holding antenna radiator type V during			
	transport			
EFV 021	Ring eyelet for antenna radiator type V during transport			
ES 3022	Flange coupling 4-pin, ballast			
ES 3024	Angled plug 4-pin, ballast			
ES 3033	Flange coupling 7-pin, ballast			
ES 3032	Flange plug 7-pin, ballast			
ES 3040	Cover cap for plug and flange plug, ballast			
ES 3041	Cover cap for coupling and flange coupling, ballast			
A 49600	Battery casing made of aluminium for 2 batteries			
A 49610	Battery casing made of aluminium for 4 batteries			
EE 0006	Castor, solid rubber			
EE 0003	Cover cap for castor			
EE 0012E	Mounting tube made of aluminium for MPB 3400			
EE 0014A	Covering plug for mounting tube			
EE 0005	Wing screw M 10x30			
A 46500	Electronic switching system for 2 batteries			
A 46501	Electronic switching system for 4 batteries			

### MPB 3400 K Controller in the green chamber



## **Spare Parts List:**

Article: Mobile traffic signal system MPB 3400 LED K

Order-no.	Article description
MPB 309	Signal head rear panel for red chamber MPB 3200 / 3400 K, 210 mm
MPB 308	Signal head rear panel for yellow chamber MPB 3200 / 3400 K, 210 mm
MPB 307	Green chamber/controller rear panel for MPB 3200 / 3400 K, 210 mm
EH 2014	Gasket for signal head chambers, "Holland" type
EH 2016	Signal head door without lens, "Holland" type, 210 mm
EH 2017	Signal head door, type "Holland", with red lens, 210 mm
EH 2018	Signal head door, type "Holland", with yellow lens, 210 mm
MPB 304	Signal head/control door, Holland type, with green diffusing lens, 210 mm and lock no. 641
EH 2012	Lock for control door no. 641 incl. 1 key
EH 2008A	Lock counterpart for control chamber
ES 2641	Key no. 641
EH 2009	Closer for signal head door
EH 2008	Closer counterpart for chamber
EH 2020	Lens, red, type "Holland", 210 mm
EH 2021	Lens, yellow, type "Holland", 210 mm
EH 2022	Lens, green, type "Holland", 210 mm
EH 2034	Lens holder
EH 2023	Gasket for lens 210 mm, type "Holland"
EH 2030	Lens hood, type "Holland", 210 mm
EH 2031	Cover cap for signal head, type "Holland"
EH 2032	Gasket for cover cap, self-adhesive, type "Holland"
EH 2033	Intermediate ring for connecting signal head rear panels, type "Holland"
EH 2103	Mounting kit for one flat LED module, type "Holland"
EH 2100	LED signal head module RED as replacement
EH 2110	LED signal head module YELLOW as replacement
EH 2120	LED signal head module GREEN as replacement
ES 3097	Socket plug, 3-pin, for LED module system
ES 3098	Plug, 3-pin, for LED module system
EK 0001	Battery cable for MPB 3400 with ring eyelet, without battery lug
EI 0041M	Battery terminal (+), red
EI 0042M	Battery terminal (-), blue

MPB 343K	Front panel MPB 3400 K with imprint
MPB 110A	Rotary toggle for switch with arrow disk (small) and cap
ES 2031	Safety cap for fuse (5 x 20)
ES 2004	Fuse 5x20 / 4 A
ES 2041	Dimmer switch with cable and threaded joint
ESP 055	Controller PCB for MPB 3400
ESP 087A	Battery pack 8.4V MPB 3400 with connection cable and plug
EF 4100	Multi-frequency radio module (VHF)
EF 4150	Single frequency radio module (VHF)
EP 6037	Radar detector 12 V incl. 0.5 m cable with mounted plug, with holder but without mounting bracket for signal head (top element)
MP 40001V	Aluminium Mounting bracket for radio antenna and radar detector, type V
MP 400H	Mounting bracket for radar detector in a cable system
EFK 006	Antenna plug, BNC (adapter)
EFV 007	Antenna cable without BNC (adapter), type V, L = 505 mm
EFV 008	Antenna foot, type V, incl. clear gasket and attachment set: lock washer and nut
EFV 005A	Spare attachment set for antenna foot type V, only lock washer and nut
EFV 010	Antenna radiator, type V, frequency 170.xx MHz
EFV 011	Antenna radiator, type V, frequency 151.09 MHz
EFV 012	Antenna set type V, complete, with antenna foot, gasket, lock washer, nut, connection cable, BNC adapter and antenna radiator (please state frequency)
EFV 018	Spare tip protection for antenna radiator type V
EFV 019	Aluminium retaining tube for holding antenna radiator type V during transport
EFV 021	Ring eyelet for antenna radiator type V during transport
ES 3022	Flange coupling 4-pin, ballast
ES 3024	Angled plug 4-pin, ballast
ES 3033	Flange coupling 7-pin, ballast
ES 3032	Flange plug 7-pin, ballast
ES 3040	Cover cap for plug and flange plug, ballast
ES 3041	Cover cap for coupling and flange coupling, ballast
A 49600	Battery casing made of aluminium for 2 batteries
A 49610	Battery casing made of aluminium for 4 batteries
EE 0006	Castor, solid rubber
EE 0003	Cover cap for castor
EE 0012E	Mounting tube made of aluminium for MPB 3400
EE 0014A	Covering plug for mounting tube
EE 0005	Wing screw M 10x30
A 46500	Electronic switching system for 2 batteries
A 46501	Electronic switching system for 4 batteries



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#### EG - Konformitätserklärung

Für das folgende Erzeugnis:

#### Transportable Signalanlage Typ MPB 3400

wird hiermit bestätigt, dass es den Schutzanforderungen nach EMV-Richtlinie 2014/30/EU und den Anforderungen nach Niederspannungsrichtlinie 2014/35/EU entspricht.

Diese Erklärung gilt für alle Exemplare der Typenreihe MPB 3400.

Zur Beurteilung des Erzeugnisses hinsichtlich der elektromagnetischen Verträglichkeit wurden folgende einschlägige harmonisierte europäische Normen herangezogen:

- Fachgrundnorm Störfestigkeit EN 61000-6-1 für Wohnbereiche, Geschäfts- und Gewerbebereiche sowie Kleinbetriebe
- 2. Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit EN 50293:2012
- 3. Signalsicherung nach TL-LSA 97 und RiLSA 2015
- 4. Funkgeräte: ETSI EN 300 220-1, -2 / V.2.1.1. (2006-04)

ETSI EN 301 489-1, -3 / V.1.4.1. (2002-08)

Kürten (Ort) 01.07.2021

Peter Buyenaus GmbH Verkellystechnik - problie Schutzwände Herrenhöne Witterschriff Kürten Tel. 0 22 07 / 96 77-0 - Fax 96 77 80

Geschäftsführer: Dipl.-Inform. (FH) Ralf Gressler Internat. Dipl. Betriebswirt (GM) Dirk Schönauer Amtsgericht Köln HRB 45635 USt-IdNr.: DE 121973859 UniCredit Bank AG IBAN DE30 3702 0090 0020 9240 55 BIC HYVEDEMM429

#### Warranty for defects

We offer a

#### 24 month guarantee

for the signal systems produced by our company.

The guarantee covers all material and workmanship faults caused by faulty manufacture during this period of time.

Please send systems and parts of systems for replacement to our factory, postage/freight prepaid. We only replace parts showing faults in the material or workmanship. There are no claims to rescission or abatement, unless we are not able to rectify the damage.

No further claims can be fulfilled, in particular claims for damages as a consequence of defects.

The necessary time and opportunity to proceed with guarantee repairs must be made available following previous agreement. The guarantee becomes null and void if the customer or third parties make changes or repairs without prior consent. The guarantee does not cover any wear or damage caused by negligent or incorrect handling.

If in exceptional cases at the customer's request warranty repairs are to be carried out on site, i.e. at the road works where the system causing the complaint has been installed, the service technician's travel expenses and journey times are not covered by the warranty and shall be invoiced separately to the client.

The place of jurisdiction for all claims arising from the business relationship is Bergisch Gladbach, Germany.

## General transport instructions for mobile traffic signal systems

#### Please note!

Our construction site traffic signal systems must always be transported standing upright on open vehicles with the lens hood pointing in the opposite direction.

To prevent any water damage, all signal head chambers and the controller housing must always be closed properly and the controller housing should also be locked!

Failure to comply with these instructions automatically renders the warranty null and void!



## Peter Berghaus GmbH

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